

Southern Seven Health Department Office of Environmental Health

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Application for Cottage Food Operations Registration

Section 1: General Information

Personal Contact Information	Business Contact Information
Owner/Operator Name:	Name of Cottage Food Operation:
Home Address:	Cottage Food Operation Address:
Home City:	
State: ZIP:	City:
County:	
Home Phone:	County:
Personal Email:	Business Phone:
	Business Email:
	Business Website:
Food Service Protection Manager Certificate ID nu	mber:Exp. Date:e Food Registration number
Section 2: Product Categories	
<u>-</u>	
A cottage food operation may produce a wide varie	ety of food and drink in their home kitchen.
A cottage food operation may produce a wide varie Check off all products you intend to produce.	ety of food and drink in their home kitchen.
Check off all products you intend to produce. Low-risk shelf stable products ☐ Jams, jellies, preserves, syrups ☐ Fruit butters, fruit pies, fruit pastries, empanadas ☐ Bread, tortillas, cookies, scones, or other baked	

Section 3: Sales Avenues

Food and drink produced by a cottage food operation shall be sold directly to consumers for their own consumption and not for resale. Sales to retail stores, such as restaurants, grocery stores, or bakeries; to third party distributors for resale; or to third party distributors that deliver products on your behalf are prohibited. Sales of cottage foods are limited to within the state of Illinois. A cottage food operation may sell productsoutside of the municipality or county where the cottage food operation is located. A copy of your certificate of registrationmust be available upon request by IDPH and any local health department.

Indicate how you will sell your products. Check all that apply.			
☐ Pick-up from my home or farm (Note:	☐ Online sales		
Cottage food businesses selling from their home may be			
prohibited from some sales activities at home by local	☐ Delivery directly to customer		
laws that apply to all cottage food operations. Check			
with your unit of local government about requirements	☐ Farmers market/fairs/festivals/pop up stand/public		
on parking, signage, customer counts, etc.).	event		
☐ On-farm store	☐ Shipping (Each cottage food product that is shipped must be sealed in a manner that reveals tampering,		
☐ Delivery to or pick-up from a third-party private	including, but not limited to, a sticker or pop top. Cottage		
property with consent of the property holder (i.e.,	foods may not be shipped across state lines.)		
dropoff/pick-up location/pop-up stand).			
	☐ Other:		
Section 4: Signage			
At the point of sale, notice must be provided in a prominent location that states the following: "This product was produced in a home kitchen not inspected by a health department that may also process common food allergens. If you have safety concerns, contact your local health department." At a physical display, notice shall be a placard. Online, notice shall be a message on the cottage food operation's online sales interface at the point of sale.			
Indicate the ways in which you will notify customers at p			
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Section 5: Labeling

All cottage food products must be pre-packaged in the home kitchen. The food packaging must conform to the labeling requirements of the Illinois Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and must contain the following phrase in prominent lettering: "This product was produced in a home kitchen not inspected by a health department that may also process common food allergens. If you have safety concerns, contact your local health department."

Special Labeling Opportunity for Local Ingredients

Are you using any ingredients grown or raised on an Illinois farm and purchased directly from the farmer? If so, you are entitled and encouraged to use the following terminology on your label: Illinois Grown, Illinois-Sourced, Illinois Farm Product

Request for a labeling exemption

□\$ Registration fee in cash or check

Cottage food operators may request an exemption from product packaging for foods that are not easily packaged (i.e., wedding cakes), for foods that are more suited to bulk containers or display cases (i.e., donuts or scones), or for other reasons. If the exemption is granted, the cottage food producer must include all labeling requirements on a receipt or similar document that is delivered to that consumer with the product, and the cottage food warning sign must still be present at point of sale. The local health department has the authority to accept or deny the exemption request. □Request for product packaging exemption List the products for which you are requesting an exemption and provide a rationale: **Section 6: Employees** Employees are allowed under cottage food law. All persons that prepare or package food must have their Certified Food Protection Manager (CFPM) Certificate. The CFPM is not required for employees that handle sales, marketing, administration, or other facets of the business. List the persons that prepare or package food: Name: _____ CFPM number: ____ Exp. Date: _____ Name: _____ CFPM number: ____ Exp. Date: _____ Name: CFPM number: Exp. Date: Section 7: Checklist of Required Information ☐ A copy of a valid Food Service Protection Manager Certificate. ☐ A product label for **each product category selected in Section 2**, demonstrating that you are complying correctly with labeling regulations. ☐ If on a private water supply, a copy of water test results showing satisfactory E. coli/coliform bacteria results. ☐ If producing acidified or fermented foods (pickles, kraut, kimchi, etc.), one of the following: A. A completed food safety plan and representative pH Test for each product with a different food safety process. Example: Delia makes pickled cucumbers, pickled beets, kimchi, and hot sauces. Each of these four products requires a different process to make. She will need to submit a food safety plan and pH test for all four products. Example: Janae makes a pickled cucumber recipe that has five different variations (one with dill, one with ialapenos, one with more sugar, one with stevia, and one with ginger). Although the recipes vary slightly, the pickling process is the same for all five recipes. Janae must submit just one food safety plan and a pH test for at least one pickle recipe as evidence that her process is safe. A pH test and food safety plan are not required for all five recipe variations. B. An approved recipe from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) National Center for Home Food Preservation or the cooperative extensionoffice of any state. ☐ If producing canned tomatoes or canned tomato products (i.e., salsa, pasta sauce, etc.), one of the following: A. pH test for each canned tomato recipe B. An approved canning recipe from the USDA National Center for Home Food Preservation or the cooperative extension office of any state.

Section 8: Owner Statement

□ The information provided in this application accurately represents my operation. I understand that I must grant a local health official access to my residence for the purpose of inspection in the event of an illness outbreak, upon notic from a different local health department, or if IDPH or a local health department has reason to believe that an imminer health hazard exists, or that a cottage food operation's product has been found to be misbranded, adulterated, or not compliance with the conditions for cottage food operations set forth in section 4 of the IL Food Handling Regulation Enforcement Act (FHREA), effective 1-1-22.			
\square I understand that if an inspection is warranted, I may be cha	rged a fee by the health department of \$		
Signature	Date		
For office use only \$Registration Fee: \[\sum_ Cash \[\sum_ Check # \] Remarks / Notes:	Registration Number		
□ Accepted □ Denied By:	Date		